The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 2. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1886. No 242

A. GILMORE.

Special Notice--Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING.

For the next ten days we will sell Overcoats, Men's and Boys' Clothing at such a reduction in prices as cannot fail to attract attention.

If you want Cheap Clothing now is your opportunity for securing bargains for ten days only.

This is a genuine sale—at least 20 per ct. less than regular prices.

☞ *Come and see for yourself,*

A. GILMORE, Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Johnson Street.

REAL ESTATE.

RAND BROS.,

Real Estate Brokers, Financial and Insurance Agents.

OFFICES:

VICTORIA, - - - - - - - - - - Fort Street.
NEW WESTMINSTER, - - - - - - - Columbia Street.
VANCOUVER, - - - - - - - - - Water Street.

Property in all parts of the Province for sale.
Fine residence or business property in Victoria and New Westminster.
Complete Maps and Price Lists of all lands for sale at Coal Harbor.
Investments made for non-residents.
Farms in the Fraser Valley. feb27
☞ MONEY TO LOAN.

GO AND SEE

VICTORIA'S 1886 ENTERPRISE.

Unique, Brilliant, Beautiful and Costly are the Appointments that Adorn the

PALACE CIGAR & TOBACCO DIVAN,

That is now opened for the transaction of business, where can be had **Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobaccos of the Choicest Brands and Best Grades.** Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar and Cigarette Holders of the very finest qualities. Smokers' Outfits of the most modern styles. **POCKET CUTLERY** from the most approved makers. **CANES** in every variety, and all articles belonging to a first class Cigar and Tobacco Emporium can at all times be obtained at **RATES** that **WILL** be the best guarantee of an earnestness to **DEAL JUSTLY** with all that may patronize this laudable undertaking.

D. HART, Proprietor.

☞ Palace Cigar and Tobacco Divan, Government Street, One door north of Yates street, Victoria, B. C.

Wanted.

Advertisements under this head, three insertions 50 cents; six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED.—A white Cook and helper. Apply to Dry Dock Boarding House, Esquimalt. mar20 3t

WANTED.—A respectable middle aged woman desires a place to work; is a good cook. Address Jane Houston, care of Mrs. Sehl, Kane street. mar18

WANTED.—Office boy wanted immediately. Apply—between 11:30 and 12:30—to C. W. Buck, Bastion Square, in front of Police Barracks. mar18 3t

WANTED.—A partner wanted in a well established, good paying business in New Westminster. A small amount of capital required. Apply to X. care of Messrs. Woods, Turner & Gamble, New Westminster, B. C. mar17 1m

WANTED.—An active girl to do general housework and plain cooking. Apply immediately at this office. mar15 6t

WANTED.—A situation, by a first class Barkeeper, who understands his business. Has had 20 years experience in Saloons and Hotel Bars. Address "Barkeeper," this office. mar15 6t

WANTED.—A boy to do general office work. Apply, in own handwriting, through P. O. Drawer No. 83. mar12 12t

WANTED.—Two or three experienced Tailoresses. Good wages paid to first class hands. Apply to "S. T.," New Westminster. sm11 tf

To Let.

FOR RENT.—Newly-furnished rooms on Government street, next to Bank of British Columbia, to let. Apply at V. P. Le Prince's barbershop, next to postoffice. dec8

FOR RENT.—Several Furnished Rooms; also, two rooms and a kitchen: Apply Quadra street, between Yates and View streets, or at this office. mar1 1m

FOR RENT.—HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS, conveniently located, to rent for $16 per month, water included. The furniture of the same house for sale at $175. Apply at Terminal Land Office, corner of Douglas and Yates streets. dec8 tf

Meetings to be Held.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR will hold their Regular Weekly Meeting at Harmony Hall every Saturday Evening. A full attendance is requested. dec24

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Fort streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. W. H. MASON, Secretary. se, 1-ly

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. [illegible]

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMPERANCE Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. HENRY RUDGE, President.

WANTED.

Fifty Laborers

FOR THE ISLAND RAILWAY.

Apply at Cowichan Wharf to Thos. Reid, mar18 BELL, LARKIN & PATTERSON.

LABORERS WANTED.

25 White Laborers

Are wanted at the Dry Dock immediately. Apply to LARKIN, CONNOLLY & CO., mar3 On the Works.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—PIANO, a very superior instrument, beautiful tone, and in fine condition; a bargain. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

GROCERY AND BAKERY BUSINESS—Well established, doing a lively trade; low rent. Lease Horse and Wagon. Good stock. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

TEAMING BUSINESS—With Government contract; everything complete and in good running order. Will sell half or the whole. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

MANUFACTORY AND RETAIL BUSINESS—Fine trade and location; experience not necessary, and in fine running order. PICKERING & CO. Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

SMALL GROCERY BUSINESS—Well stocked, good trade; low rent; house room. All complete; good location. $800. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

HOG FARM—Well stocked. Horse and wagon; everything in working order; plenty of land; long lease, etc. Price for stock $1000. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

BAKERY, GROCERY AND GENERAL wholesale and retail business, well established; low rent, lease; living rooms, and a fine stock. Reasons for selling. Price about $7000. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

HORSE, WAGON, COVER, HARNESS—A fine fit out, in splendid condition. Owner has no further use for it. Price $500. A bargain. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS—A third interest—to take charge of store department; all in thorough working order. $200 cash required. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

PARTNER WANTED.—In an established business: will suit an energetic man. Proof trade; a good chance for a party with $1000 cash capital. Business increasing rapidly. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

DINING ROOMS.—Room rented pays rent; well established; fine run of customers. Proof trade. Good lease. Reasons for selling. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas.

HOTELS—All prices. Saloons, Lodging Houses, Farms, Lots, Lands. We buy and sell all lines of businesses. PICKERING & CO., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas. mar16 6t

FOR SALE.—A new Express Wagon, with four springs, for sale cheap. To be seen for a few days at Charles McKay's Paint Shop, Johnson street, from whom any further particulars can be obtained. mar15 6t

FOR SALE.—Fine bright bay Stallion, 15½ hands high, rising 5 years, by Bowker's "Mac;" perfectly gentle in harness and saddle. Apply to Tait & Booth, Fort street, Victoria. mar14 [illegible]

FOR SALE.—The International Hotel, Esquimalt, with Furniture belonging to the same, Bar Fixtures, Billiard Table, &c. A well 40 ft. deep with pump, Outhouses, &c. The Hotel has accommodation for 60 people. For further particulars apply to S. Jones, Dominion Hotel, Yates street. dec30 tf

Æsthetic Flowers, BEAUTIFUL ANNUALS, Etc.

6 packages Esthetic flower seeds assorted for ... 50c
11 packages Annuals, seeds consisting of Asters, Stocks, Phlox, Drummondii, &c., for ... $1 00
7 packages Seeds for cemetery purposes for ... 50c
7 packages Immortelle and Ornamental grass seeds for ... 50c

On receipt of price any of the above seeds will be forwarded, post are free to any address. Purchasers may rely upon these seeds, as they are all of my own raising, and being acclimated are far superior to imported seeds. Address: J. MOSS, Florist, Victoria, B. C. Residence, Johnson St. near Blanchard St. feb 22-3m

VANCOUVER.

The bill to incorporate the embryo city of Vancouver was the cause of a very animated discussion in the House yesterday afternoon. When the second reading was moved by Mr. ORR, Mr. MCTAVISH asked what right the incorporators had to interfere with vested interests and change the name from Granville to Vancouver. This was the signal for every member in the House who was opposed to the name, as well as those who are opposed to the place, to protest against the use of the word "Vancouver." The Provincial Secretary warmly defended the selection, and warned Island members to beware and not plant the seeds of discord at the birth of the new city, because they might in the future bear bitter fruit. The opportunity desired by the leader of the "third party" had arrived, and he did not fail to take advantage of it. Messrs. C. WILSON and THEO. DAVIE fairly "sat upon" the unfortunate Provincial Secretary, while the other malcontents gave him a few feeble kicks. Mr. ROBSON'S offense—if he was guilty of one at all—was more in the manner and tone in which he spoke than in what he said. He assumed, probably, without any justification, that the gentlemen who reppresent Island constituencies were about to attack the Bill and refuse incorporation solely because the place had been called by the same name as Vancouver Island. This was a great mistake to make, and by this time the Provincial Secretary has no doubt bitterly repented it. It is unfortunately a fact that a jealousy does exist in the minds of some people against the new town on the inlet. It will be a great pity if that feeling should dominate any respectable section of our people, or be permitted to grow any stronger than an honest business and commercial railway for supremacy. British Columbia has too few towns, and the towns she has are too small, for those now here, to begin a policy that must be inimical to the whole Province and most of all to those engaging in the disgraceful and unpatriotic strife. THE TIMES does not believe that the members of the House will be actuated by considerations of that kind and Mr. ROBSON made a grievous mistake in attempting to bully them.

The debate demonstrated one fact. The days of the SMITHE government, as now constituted, will end forever on the dissolution of the present House. The combination can never again exist. The Provincial Secretary and Chief Commissioner can never again coalesce, and were they to attempt it, the "faithful followers" would rebel. There is already rebellion in the camp and one or two Island members have been heard to forswear forever their allegiance to the tottering cabinet. Their eyes are being opened when it is too late. Poor ROBSON! Unfortunate DUCK!

THE C. P. R. AGREEMENT.

A perusal of the correspondence between the government and the C. P. R. officials in relation to the Coal Harbor extension is highly amusing. The correspondence covers a period from December, 1884, to the latter part of last month. Time and again have the public been assured that all matters between the high contracting parties had been satisfactorily arranged and a transfer of documents taken place. On the strength of these assurances—given by the government—many people have been led to make investments in purchasing property in the neighborhood of the proposed terminus. When the government advertised its sale of English Bay lands the most positive assurances were given that everything had been signed, sealed and delivered. The sale was held on the 18th of January; on the 16th of February the Hon. WILLIAM SMITHE, Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, through the Manager of the Bank of British Columbia, transferred to the Bank of Montreal in that city, two crown grants—

"To be delivered to Mr. Van Horne, the Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, upon his delivering to the Bank, then to be forwarded to the Government, a resolution of the Directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, under the seal of the Company, with a memorandum accompanying the resolution, signed by the sureties Messrs. Smith, Van Horne, and Sanford Fleming."

To this letter, so far as the public are aware, there has been no reply from Mr. VAN HORNE, nor from the Bank of Montreal. So that even yet there may be a hitch, which, however, is not probable.

Another strange circumstance is to be found in reading clause 9 of the agreement between the government and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, dated 23d February, 1885. It reads "that "the grant shall also be subject to "such rights, if any, as may legally "exist in favor of third parties."

But the most amusing of all is to be found in the concluding clause of the agreement drawn up on the 23d of last November, wherein the government indemnifies the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in the following language:

"To save, defend, keep harmless, and "forever indemnified, the said Company "and their assigns against all legal "claims, and damages, and actions, and "suits in respect thereof, which shall or "may be sustained against the said Company in respect of the aforesaid land, or "any part thereof, except in the townsite "of Granville." * * * *This agreement is entered into on the understanding that the said Chief Commissioner shall not in any event be held individually responsible.*

Here we find the Premier disclaiming any responsibility in the matter. The validity of the document is not questioned, but is amusing to note that so slip-shod an instrument should be passed between legal gentlemen—for it is to be presumed that it was prepared by the Attorney-General ere it was accepted by the solicitors of the Railway Company. It will be observed that the agreement is entirely at variance with the instructions of the Assembly to the Government last session. It need not be a matter of surprise if the next move of the Premier will be to issue credit notes on behalf of the province and claim indemnity for so doing. The fault of the delay does not appear to be with the railway company, but with the Government and other parties in this province interested in these negotiations which have been carried on now for close upon two years.

SOCIAL PURITY.

An esteemed correspondent transmits to THE TIMES the annexed appeal on behalf of social purity, issued by a committee of Chicago ladies, one of whom—the principal in fact, is Frances E. Willard, who will be remembered by many in this city, having lectured here some months since and solicits its publication in THE TIMES. Notwithstanding that our space is much crowded at present, we comply with her request.

The appeal is dated Chicago, Feb. 15, and is addressed—

To all who think that not only "Fallen Man", but "Fallen Woman" can be saved.

A practical movement has been started in Chicago, which has for its motto, "Not willing that any should perish." Its object is to go out into the highways and hedges, seeking to save the lost; to reach out pure and friendly hands which they may grasp; and to set forces in motion by which they may have hope of restoration to a good and useful life. As the gospel cure for drunkenness has been offered to men who were impure as well as intemperate, so it is proposed, in sisterly love and kindness to come with that same heavenly help to women who are intemperate as well as impure. There is no warrant in the laws of nature or of grace, for proffering a broader gospel to the one class than to the other. If there is hope for sinful man, there is just as much for sinful women. The lips of Christ spoke no words so full of tender compassion and divinest hope as to the "Magdalene." It seems pitiful that society, the unforgiving, while applying this name to its outcast women should forget that He "who spoke as never man spake," freely forgave the "woman who was a "sinner," on the condition that she should "go and sin no more." But how shall these women hear without a preacher, "how shall they preach except they be sent," and what will their preaching avail except it be accompanied by steady and earnest efforts to help these women back not only to a clean life but to a new outlook for respectable maintenance? Who doubts that if the opportunity were today offered to every impure woman in Chicago to earn an honest living and be restored to society with her name made reputable once more, (as a fallen man's name can be made so readily by true repentance and the works that prove his faith), three-fourths of the disreputable houses in our city would be emptied of their tenants before sun down? But as the circumstances now are, where shall they go and what can they do? The glittering spears of social ostracism hedge them in on every side, while their partners in shame share the social triumphs of the most elegant drawing-rooms in this city of wealth and fashion, and meet the smiling welcome of proud women who would not suffer their haughty gaze to rest upon the Magdalene, lest its purity be tarnished.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union has entered on the experiment of trying to reach the outcast women of Chicago. Like all beginnings, this one is small and would be unnoted but for the generous help of journalists. We have organized our committee, opened pleasant rooms and secured the services of Dr. Kate C. Bushnell, a noble Christian woman and thoroughly educated physician, who has had large experience in this work and who will "lend a hand" to any and all whom she can induce to begin the splendid struggle for a better life. Associated with Dr. Bushnell is her first trophy in this work, now for 5 years a Christian, but one knows by what she has suffered, the horrors of an impure life. We shall do the best for the protection of women and girls who are strangers in the city, or have been defrauded of their honest earnings, or who have endured such outrages as the press daily recounts, and which transplant the savagery of Indians to the centers of civilization. In their defence we will invoke such laws as are already available and steadily strive to secure better ones. The success of this venture, made in the love of God and humanity, depends upon the financial aid that may be given us. As fast as our base of supplies extends, we will multiply these agencies of help, healing and defense. We have taken up this work in faith with twenty-five dollars in our hands, contributed by one of our best women in Chicago. Our expenses can not be less than sixty or seventy-five dollars per month for the work already planned. Who will help us? Let those willing to do so send any amount from one penny upwards, to *The Inter-Ocean*, Chicago, or to any one of the committee, stating in all cases that it is for this cause, and may God bless this sacred endeavor begun in His name, who said to the repentant Magdalene, "Go, and sin no more."

The appeal is signed by Frances E. Willard, Matilda B. Carse, Mrs. J. B. Hobbs, Mary Allen West, Helen L. Hood, of the Chicago W. C. T. A., whose office is 161 La Salle street.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes declares that New York invented the idea that Boston streets were made by building houses along the cow paths.

A colored railroad porter says of traveling brides: "'Sperience teaches me dat dey is tickled mightily of you mistakes dere husbands for brudders. I does it ebery time, now an' bits 'em fo' a dollar, shuah."

WOMAN'S VOCATION

Clearly Marked Out for Her by Nature and Revelation—A Vast Field.

Higher Education—Girls Schooling—What Men Owe their Mothers.

It is strange, observes Mrs. E. J. Jarvis, that so much should be said and written upon the subject of woman's rights and vocation, when they are so clearly marked out for her by nature and revelation, and in the physical and mental laws which govern her being, but the frenzied attempts of some women to secure for themselves those privileges, which, if they could obtain, but few would or could enjoy, make one tremble, lest by persistence they might gain the day, and with it the suffrage. Co-education, a place among the learned professions, and a reign of Bloomerism ensue, the consequences of which would be disastrous in the extreme. For the

HIGHER EDUCATION OF WOMAN,

who does not pray? It is by such means that she is rendered a fitting companion to a father, brothers, husband and sons, whilst, if her tastes be literary, she may write that which shall move the world to tears or laughter, or which, having read, mankind shall be better; and although it is true that no woman has made a great invention, composed an oratorio or opera that has lived, and that only Rosa Bonheur and the artist of the "Roll Call" in painting, and Mrs. E. B. Browning and George Eliot, in poetry and prose, have risen to the level of masculine excellence, still, so many have made valuable contributions in both these departments, as to show that intellectual gifts and even genius are not uncommon to the sex. It is well that man's generosity allows to woman the fair field for which she craves, and the applause which is due to her success, but there it should end. "So far shalt thou go and no farther," is the superscription of the seal which the Creator has put upon her, and if she could but see the importance of the work which is hers by inheritance, she would rest, and therewith be satisfied.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT

has been made in girls' schools within the last quarter of a century, but there is still room for much more, as many things are taught but superficially, and others of vital importance not taught at all. Should there not be a common sense preparation for the commonplace duties of every day life to begin with, or in conjunction with the usual course of study? Before a girl has learnt a Latin declension or a line of French, should she not be taught to do plain sewing, the rudiments and essentials at least of cookery, which are of even greater importance to the wealthy than to those who have to do their own work, as, in the latter case, experience and necessity are the teachers, but with the former the requisite knowledge has often to be imparted by those utterly incapable of doing so? How advantageous would be a systematic course of training in order to meet emergencies and accidents with presence of mind! How many lives might be saved, for instance, if those upon the spot knew how to apply a torniquet, tie an artery, resuscitate the drowned, treat the burned or scalded or a case of apoplexy, epilepsy or syncope. The more highly educated a woman is, the more inteligent will be her nursing of the sick, practice and theory of cooking, and work of all kinds.

FEWER LIVES WOULD BE SACRIFICED

to the ignorance of the sick nurse if a good solid education were made *de riguer*—not the "little learning," which "is a dangerous thing," not the smattering of Latin which just enables her to read a perscription—wrong, but that tuition which goes deeper than the surface, supplemented by medical and surgical teaching, climical and otherwise. Surely there is a vast field for woman's work, and that, too, of the noblest description, without infringing upon that of man, and if it be true that all great men owe their greatness to their mothers, how careful should be the training of mind and body to attain so stupendous a result as to reach from the present, down to future ages of the world's history. Home is her proper sphere, and domestic affection her highest attribute. Who does not prefer the picture of Andromache upon the walls of Troy, her only distinction, that she was the wife of Hector, her only ambition to see her husband alive and victorious, to that of Boadicea, leading her barbarian hordes to battle, or of Cleopatra, renowned for learning, wit, wealth and beauty, floating down the Cydnus in her glittering galley?

IF WOMEN WANT TO DISTINGUISH THEMSELVES

there is a matter awaiting great reform and which requires a revolution in the existing state of things. There is, in what is termed "Good Society," so much that is, if not really bad, at least radically wrong, hollow and rotten at the core, that every lady (that word should be expunged) should look to herself, and see if there be not some habits of life which need correction. In the first place let her treat the shopping business less as a fine art, or *sine qua non* of her existence, and more as a something to be got through with as quickly as possible, and only with a view to buying that which is required; the purchases, if very small, might also be carried home by herself, especially if the distance be great. Then, with regard to "making calls," there is so much that is insincere in the *facon de parler* employed, so much valuable time wasted in calling upon those who would not care if they and their visitors never met again, and *vice versa*; the "not at home" falling as sweetest music on the ears of those who only come to be bored, even though the shadow of the mistress of the house be outlined upon the window curtain. Will the recording angel set down the falsehood against the name of the poor maid or butler who would lose their situation if they did not tell it? I trow not. Let each *lady* learn to enter a room without taking stock of the furniture, etc., and meet an acquaintance without that sweeping glance from head to foot which makes another woman fain to exclaim:

"Here take an inventory of all I have, (on)
To the last penny it"—was bought cheap for cash!

THE MISTRESS OF A HOUSEHOLD

should also extend her consideration to her domestic servants, remembering that they (as she) have limbs to ache and hearts to break for that matter, and she will, perhaps, then treat them with something of the same courtesy which marks her intercourse with those between whom and herself does not arise the "pale spectre of the salt." Finally, let her cast aside the weakness of purpose, slavish following of fashion and supreme silliness, which too often characterize her, with some few feathers, frills and furbelows, and she will step out of these hindrances to a true nobility transformed. Let woman, in all she does, aim at the highest, even though it be only to fail, and she will have no need to ape the man. Because Ursa Major occupies a larger and more prominent space in the heavens than the gentle Pleiades, is their "sweet influence" the less?

RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

The Canadian Pacific—Its Total Mileage—Port Moody to Montreal.

The annual report of the Minister of Railways and Canals just published, shows that the total length of the Canadian Pacific railway from Montreal to Callander is 2,893 miles, in addition to which the company has acquired or built 432 miles of branch lines. The report refers to the completion and operation of the line north of Lake Superior, and says of the section of 428 miles from Port Arthur to the Red river: This section was transferred to the company prior to full completion, and the work of ballasting and filling in valleys crossed by temporary bridges has been since executed by the company under a special agreement. An elevator, the capacity of which is 1,000,000 bushels, has been built by the company at Fort William. They have also an elevator at Port Arthur of 300,000 bushels capacity.

Red River to Savona's Ferry, 1257 miles.—The knowledge of the climatic conditions of the mountain section gained by last year's experience showed the necessity of a relocation of part of the road, and such relocation has been effected without increase of the gradients, but with an addition of three miles to the length of the road. The line was open in October for traffic up to Donald Station, at the foot of the east slope of the Selkirks, a distance of 1022 miles, and on the 7th November, 1885, the last spike was driven, thus making rail connection from Port Moody to Montreal, a distance of 2893 miles, or to Quebec, a distance of 3089 miles. Of this distance nine miles in British Columbia will ultimately be replaced by a road with easier grades, the construction of which has been postponed owing to the heavy tunnelling involved.

The payments to the company on account of the cash subsidy to December 31st, 1885, aggregated $24,544,912, leaving a balance due of $455,088, and on account of the loan authorized in 1883 there has been paid $21,650,700, leaving due $849,300. Of the $1,500,000 voted by Parliament to secure free access to Quebec for the trains and traffic of the Canadian Pacific railway by the acquisition of the North Shore railway, there was applied to the purchase of that road $525,000, and interest on the balance of $975,000 is to be held available to meet any deficiency that may arise in the interest on the existing mortgage bonds of the road.

WARMLY WELCOMED.

The Chinese Recognize the Importance of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Already the Chinese are beginning to realize the importance of the Canadian Pacific Railway to the Celestial empire. In a recent issue concerning the subject, the Shanghai *Mercury* editorially says: "The recently finished road gives England an alternative route entirely through her own territory, and renders her completely independent of the Suez Canal. The importance to her of accomplishing that object is almost beyond measurement. We all know what it has cost her to keep her right of way through the Red Sea. Her Indian empire, her trade relations with China, Japan and the Australia's and her own existence as a commercial nation, has seemed to depend upon the absolute and certain control of a narrow waterway that is coveted by other and perhaps stronger military nations. A blockade of the Suez Canal during only a three months' war would cause widespread commercial disaster in England. To guard against such a possibility, she has always to be more or less ready for war. In view of these things the importance of an alternative route that she can, at little expense and with great certainty, protect is too obvious to need further elucidation." The Hongkong *Daily Press* says: "The first steamer of the new line to connect this colony with the great Canadian Pacific railway, will be warmly welcomed here, not only on account of the accession of trade which an additional line of mail steamers will necessarily bring to the port, but also on account of the advantages which the new route confers on the empire at large from a naval and military point of view." When thoroughly equipped and in full working order our great transcontinental highway is destined to be one of the most potent commercial promotives in the world, as well as one of the most remunerative roads on this continent.

GOSSIP FROM OTTAWA.

Distinguished Visitors—Chinese in Bond—Temporary Loans—Sir John Ailing.

OTTAWA, March 11.—Lady Lansdowne, Sir Lionel West, British minister at Washington, and Miss West, Sir Fred. Middleton and Lady Macdonald occupied seats in the Speaker's gallery this afternoon. The galleries were densely crowded this evening and many were unable to obtain admission.

Mr. McCarthy has introduced a bill to extend the hours of polling in Dominion elections from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Mr. Chapleau, in answer to a question stated this afternoon that only one newspaper was paid for circulating the memorandum of Sir Alexander Campbell in relation to the Riel case, the account being ten dollars. There was a small sum paid for printing the memorandum in supplement form for distribution in the press.

The government has granted permission to railways to carry Chinese through Canada on condition that the former guarantee the landing of the Celestials in the United States or pay the tax of $50 a head for each if not accounted for. This is practically applying the bonding system to the Chinese entering Canada.

The total amount of temporary loans obtained by the government to March 1 was $14,862,309, of which $13,862,309 was obtained in England and the balance in Canada. Of the loans in England £1,525,000 were borrowed at 4 per cent., £470,000 at 1 per cent. above the Bank of England's rate and not to exceed 4 per cent. and the balance at the minimum bank rate. The loans in Canada all bear 4 per cent. interest.

Sir John Macdonald has been suffering from a somewhat severe cold the past three days.

CABLE DESPATCHES.

DYING.

LONDON, March 20.—Marie Heilbron, prima donna, is dying.

ENGLISH GOSSIP.

LONDON, March 19.—It is stated that Mr. Gladstone will not be prepared to present his scheme of Irish reform to Parliament before the first week of April. The cabinet will not meet again next week. Many had expected Mr. Gladstone to state his Irish policy next week because at the opening of the session he said he could not present it until he was through in the House with the government's financial business which he expected to have done by March 22d.

Mr. Gladstone said this afternoon in the House of Commons that he hoped to be able during the coming week to name a day for presenting a statement of his Irish proposals. Referring to current rumors about the nature of the scheme for Irish reform which he proposed to submit, Mr. Gladstone asked members of the House to exercise a prudent reserve in giving credence to any of them. He added that his statement would probably be followed by the introduction of a government bill to carry his plans into effect. Mr. Gladstone also asked that members exercise a wholesome scepticism in regard to rumors of dissension in the Cabinet.

Some of the lobby frequenters think this indicates that the differences between the Premier and Mr. Chamberlain has either been arranged or is in a fair way of being arranged. The Conservatives, however, in view of the vagueness of Mr. Gladstone's language, are inclined to think that the breach is beyond repair.

Lord Randolph Churchill is highly displeased at the political importance attached to his conference of yesterday with Mr. Chamberlain.

It is stated on indisputable authority that the Radical defection is increasing and that Messrs. Morley, Bright, Osborne, Morgan, Broadhurst and other well-known Liberal members of Parliament will join Mr. Chamberlain.

The weather has suddenly become oppressively warm. The thermometer today has registered 62 degrees in the shade. It has risen 34 degrees since Wednesday night. This sudden and rapid change from the long spell of wintry weather which, with heavy snowstorms, has prevailed over Great Britain for several weeks past, to almost summer heat in this latitude, took the people entirely unprepared, and has been extraordinarily oppressive and troublesome. In Paris there has been similar changes in the temperature and several persons have been attacked by sunstroke.

It is reported that while the burgomaster of Liege was dining with Abbe Liszt at an hotel in that city yesterday a mob of Socialists burst into the room and threatened to murder the occupants. They did not, however, attempt to carry out their threat. [illegible] strike will be inaugurated at Liege today.

The House of Lords last evening by a vote of 76 to 62, adopted a motion in favor of opening the museums and libraries on Sundays.

In the House of Commons last evening a motion against making of wars and concluding treaties without previous consent of Parliament, was defeated by only six votes.

BULLDOSING.

VIENNA, March 19.—It is semi-officially announced that Russia is massing a large number of troops in Bessarabia. The object is supposed to be to exercise a pressure upon Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, whom the Russians suspect of conspiring with England to permanently cement the present union between Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia, maintaining his claim to the life title of the governorship of the latter country, Russia claiming that his term is limited to five years.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

BEAUTIFUL CLIMATE.

ST. PAUL, March 20.—A heavy snow storm set in this morning, which shows no signs of abatement. Street cars stopped running to-night. The storm is general throughout Minnesota, Dakota and Manitoba.

LABOR TROUBLES.

ST. LOUIS, March 20.—The men employed in the Wabash yards in East St. Louis to-day presented a list of grievances to the officers of the road, which they desire to have remedied. They also presented a demand that their wages be raised to the amounts paid in Chicago, and request that officials send them an answer before six o'clok this evening.

MCKEESPORT, Pa., March 20.—The strike at the National Tube Works is now general. Twenty-five hundred men are out.

RESTITUTION BY MRS. GRANT.

JERSEY CITY, March 19.—Some time before the failure of the firm of Grant & Ward, Mrs. Virginia Corbin, of this city, General Grant's sister, entrusted Colonel Grant with $25,000, which he invested with this firm. A day or two ago Mrs. Grant sent a certified check for the money from the publisher of her late husband's books.

CHINESE IN TRANSIT.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Congressman Morrow sent a letter to Secretary Manning to-day, in regard to the Treasury regulation which permits Chinese to land who are simply in transit through the country. Between August 15th, 1882, and July 31st, 1885, there were landed at San Francisco 11,162 Chinamen claiming to be in transit to some other country, as follows: From China 8671, from Victoria 1095, from Honolulu 164, from Panama 468, from Havana 720, from other ports 44, total 11,162. "I am aware," says Morrow, "that nearly all these arrivals at San Francisco are reported as having departed for some foreign country, but whether these Chinamen have actually left the United States will probably never be known by the government."

CHINESE BURGLARS.

Special to THE TIMES.

YALE, March 20.—Last night three Chinese burglars attacked Mr. Hunter in his store, seven miles below Hope. Shots were exchanged, and Hunter's married daughter was wounded. Mr. Wise has gone down by [illegible].

The dies for the Canadian war medal have been completed by the British Mint and the medals will be despatched to Canada forthwith.

—Merchants who desire to cater for the upper country trade should advertise in the WEEKLY TIMES; cheap rates and largest circulation.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, March 20, 1886.

THE DAILY TIMES.
Published daily and weekly by the—
VICTORIA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY Ld.
OFFICE—Yates Street, next to Frank Campbell's Corner.

DAILY TIMES delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:—

More than two days and not more than one week, 30 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 30 cents.

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2, and accepted only for every day insertion.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, Classified, 10 cents per word per month. No card inserted for less than $2.00.

Notices inserted amongst regular reading matter items, 15 cents per line for each and every insertion.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year $2.00
" " " six months 1.25

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

Special Rates for WEEKLY TIMES

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in to this office not later than 10 A. M. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

Address, THE TIMES P. & P. CO., Victoria, B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

THE VOTERS' LIST.

All persons who desire to have their names added, or any correction made in their names as they appear in the preliminary list, must deliver their claims to the Revising Officers ONE WEEK BEFORE the date of the Revision Court. Or the claims may be sent by registered letter to the Revising Barrister. The claims must be in accordance with the form which was published in THE TIMES a few days since. It is said that some of the Revising Officers will accept these notices as evidence, while others have expressed the opinion that it will be necessary for the applicants to appear before them in person. No person desiring to have a voice in the control of the affairs of Canada, whose name is not on the list, should allow the opportunity to pass of having the omission rectified, for the act does not provide any other mode by which names can be added. The form to be complied with appeared in THE TIMES on the 8th inst. The preliminary revising meeting, for Victoria city and district, will be held on Monday, 5th of April. The list of voters already printed are those appearing on the provincial voters' list. The act specially provides for the qualification of these in this province and Prince Edward Island. The only qualifications necessary in their case being that they have hitherto enjoyed the privileges of the franchise in their respective provinces; the paying of a poll tax and the registration of the name constituting the requisite qualification. Those hereafter desiring to be placed on the list must be British subjects, of the age of 21 years, and in receipt of an income of $300 a year. Exception is made in the case of fishermen, whose outfit must be worth $150. It is of the first importance that the first list should be as complete and perfect as it is possible to make it. Mr. EDWIN JOHNSON will be only too pleased to enlighten any that may call on him in quest of information, and that should be attended to during the incoming week.

PIG TAILS.

Mr. J. E. VROOMAN, in a letter to Mr. N. SHAKESPEARE, M. P., speaking of the custom among the Chinese of wearing queues, says that the general impression among white people, that it is in accordance with some religious rite or ceremony peculiar to that people, is a most erroneous one. It has nothing whatever to do with religious connections or belief. The Chinese wear queues as a token of submission to the present Emperor, who is a foreigner, being a descendant of the Tartar monarch who conquered China some two and a half centuries ago. Before that period the Chinese wore no queues. This fact is illustrated every day in Chinese theatres, which are supposed to have nothing but historical plays. Mr. VROOMAN believes that it would have a most salutary effect upon the criminal class of Chinese to have them understand that as sure as they commit a crime they will be punished for the same, and be made to conform to the sanitary regulations prescribed by law and intended for all criminals, among which is head-shaving as soon as they enter the doors of the prison. In this connection it is not out of place to ask why the government countermanded the order given several months ago to the gaoler, to cut the hair from the heads of Chinese prisoners the same as from white men? According to Mr. VROOMAN, who has spent many years in China and is well informed about the people, it should cause a Chinaman no more pain or regret to lose his queue than it does a whiteman to don the prison garb. And yet the rule is not enforced against them on the plea that it is an offence against some sort of religious belief!

BENEFITS FROM HOME RULE.

Mr. GIFFEN, the celebrated statistician, in an article published in the *Nineteenth Century*, makes some remarkable statements as to what the economic effects of Irish home rule would be. Economically both England and Ireland would gain by it, he says. The population and trade of Great Britain have increased immensely since 1845. The population of Ireland, which was then one-third of the whole population of the three Kingdoms, has diminished by nearly one-half, and it is now but one-twelfth of the whole. Irish trade has dwindled away, and the income and capital of Ireland, which in 1845 were one-tenth of the whole, are now but one-fortieth. The resources of Irleand, all told, are now only one-twentieth of those of the three kingdoms, but Ireland pays nearly a tenth of the Imperial taxes. Its fair share would be about $17,500,000. It actually pays 35 millions. Yet so expensive is the work of keeping the country in subjection that the Imperial exchequer loses 15 million dollars a year. A more serious loss is that of the 26,000 or 30,000 soldiers now employed in keeping the people down, even though troops may be greatly needed elsewhere. The whole income of Ireland, Mr. GIFFEN calculates, is now 75 million dollars. Imperial and local taxes take 50 millions from it. Poverty is inevitable under such circumstances. An Irish Parliament, with the 35 millions additional income, could, as only a small military force would be required, pay its share of interest on the public debt, a fair contribution to the general military expenditure, and have a large balance to employ in local improvements. England would have a large military force set free, and Ireland would have for its own use the money now wasted in maintaining the enormous garrison. Mr. GIFFEN advocates the purchase of the lands by the government, and their transfer to the Irish government, as an offset to what Ireland would contribute under a general system of taxation, which he thinks could, under such an arrangement, be maintained. Ireland would be a large gainer financially. England would save fifteen millions a year. From a military point of view it would also gain much, and it would cease to be governed as it now is—to use Mr. GIFFEN's own words, "by a hostile faction coming from a country which contributes nothing to Imperial strength."

GERMANY'S AMBITIONS.

It appears that Great Britain is taking measures to check the ambitious designs of Germany in Southern Africa. In a speech delivered at Grahamstown some time ago Mr. UPINGTON said that a great political crisis was approaching, and since then news has been received of the annexation by England of Upingtonia. Germany, it is well known, has been laying plans for the union of the German possessions on the east and west of Africa, and the occupation of Ovampoland was a part of the scheme organized to that end. The constitution, therefore, out of it of the state of Upingtonia, under British protection, is intended to hinder Germany's intrusion. The region in question lies between 18 and 20 degrees south latitude and 15 and 20 degrees east longitude, and is, altogether, about 300 miles long by 120 broad. The distance from Walfisch bay to its nearest point is about 200 miles. In connection with this policy, it is stated that the new administrator of Bechuanaland is acting with firmness and energy in the maintenance of order. A proclamation recently issued warned persons guilty of spreading false reports or of causing seditious agitation, that they would be promptly arrested and summarily dealt with. Some of the disturbers were actually arrested, and one released on finding bail. This firmness is likely to have a good effect in preventing the recurrence of such disorder as made Sir Charles Warren's expedition necessary year before last.

THE retirement of Thomas Scott from the office of Town Treasurer is an event in the municipal history of Woodstock. Mr. Scott has held the position since the year 1851.

THE gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the week ending March 7, amounted to $131,000; for the same week last year, $107,000; increase $24,000.

AT a teameeting recently Mr. John White, M. P., for Hastings, stated that the late rebellion in the Northwest was suppressed and put down without costing Canada one cent. And this was at a teameeting, recollect!

One of the first acts of the new Lord Chancellor was to present Rev. Mr. Drew, Mr. Gladstone's son-in-law, with a valuable Crown rectory.—The Premier promptly ordered the appointment to be cancelled.

The Severn Tunnel seems likely to prove an expensive luxury to the Great Western Railway. The unexpected tapping of a landspring has occasioned an enormous and unforeseen outlay, and the opening will have to be postponed for at least six months.

It has been discovered in Madrid that the Act of Abdication signed by Queen Isabella in favor of her son, has disappeared from the royal archives. It is supposed to have been removed so as to prevent its being awkwardly produced in the event of the Queen Mother pursuing a certain line of action.

The gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific for the month of January, 1886, $500,000; operating expenses, $454,000; net earning, $46,000; for January, 1885, $85,000. Decrease in net for January is due to the operating of 461 miles of new line around Lake Superior.

ANTI-CHINESE.

Clauses Inserted in all Bills Receiving Franchises Passed this Session.

The following is the Chinese clauses prepared by the special committee and incorporated in the private bills now before the House:

This Act is passed upon the express understanding that no Chinese, either directly or indirectly, shall be employed in or about, or concerning any work or services authorized by this Act, or required by the company to be done or performed. In the event of any Chinese being employed by the company, the company shall be liable, upon summary conviction before any two justices of the peace or functionary having the power of two justices of the peace, upon the oath or affirmation of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars or less than ten dollars for every Chinese employed; and in default of immediate payment of the penalty the same may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the company. And in the event of any Chinese being employed by any of the company's contractors, or sub-contractors, contrary to the provisions of this Act then any such contractor or sub-contractor shall be liable, upon summary conviction as aforesaid, to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars nor less than ten dollars for every Chinese employed; and in case of default in immediate payment of such last mentioned penalty, the same may be recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in default of sufficient distress, the offender may be committed to any gaol or place of confinement situate within the territorial jurisdiction of the convicting justices, and there imprisoned for any term not exceeding thirty days; and any director and officer of the company who causes or procures any Chinese to be employed contrary to the provisions of this Act, or permits or connives at such employment, shall be liable, upon summary conviction as aforesaid, to the like penalties as hereinbefore in this section provided, recoverable in manner secondly hereinbefore mentioned.

The offender shall be liable to separate and successive penalties for each and every day during which any Chinese shall be employed.

The term "Chinese" wherever used in this Act shall mean any native of the Chinese Empire or its dependencies not born of British parents, and shall include any person of the Chinese race.

Upon any prosecution under section of this Act, evidence under oath of any witness that to the best of his knowledge and belief any person alleged to have been employed contrary to the provisions of this Act, is a Chinese, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is a Chinese within the meaning of this Act and shall cast upon the defendant the burden of proving that such person is not a Chinese. The Justices may also decide upon their own view and judgment whether any person produced before them is a Chinese within the meaning of this Act.

No conviction or warrant for enforcing the same or any other process or proceeding under this Act shall be held insufficient or invalid by reason of any variance between the information and the conviction, or by reason of any other defect in form or substance, provided it can be understood from such conviction, warrant, process or proceeding, that the same was made for an offence against some provision of this Act, and provided there be evidence to prove such an offence, and that it can be understood from such conviction, warrant or process that the appropriate penalty or punishment for such offence was intended to be thereby adjudged. Upon any application to quash any such conviction, or the warrant for enforcing the same, or other process or proceeding, whether in appeal or upon habeas corpus, or by way of certiorari or otherwise, the court of judge to which such appeal is made, or to which such application has been made upon habeas corpus, or by way of certiorari, or otherwise, shall dispose of such appeal or application upon the merits, notwithstanding any such variance or defects as aforesaid; and in all cases where it appears that the merits have been tried, and that the conviction, warrant, process or proceeding is sufficient and valid under this section or otherwise, such conviction, warrant, process or proceeding shall be affirmed, or shall not be quashed (as the case may be); and such court or judge may, in any case, amend the same if necessary, and any conviction, warrant, process or proceeding so affirmed or affirmed and amended, shall be enforced in the same manner as convictions affirmed on appeal, and the costs thereof shall be recoverable as if originally awarded.

"THE LINE."

Merchants failing
To display
What they have
From day to day,
Cannot very
Well expect
That the people
Will select
From a line of
Goods not shown,
And of course
To them unknown.
If you'd have
The people choose,
Let them read
As public news
In THE TIMES
Of every day
Just the goods
You would display.

THE Ontario Agricultural and Arts Association have chosen Guelph as the place of holding the next Provincial Exhibition.

Mr. Belmont's Bill for the regulation of Consular fees includes among other increases in salaries that of the Consul at Montreal from $4000 to $5000, and the Consul at Halifax from $3000 to $4000.

In the new House of Commons there are 75 members who own more than 3,000 acres of land each, with a rental value of more than $15,000 a year. Out of the above number there are two who own 100,000 acres, and three others more than 50,000 acres, and the possessions of seventeen of them exceed 10,000 acres each.

Three thousand Socialists and unemployed workingmen to-day held a public meeting here to discuss their grievances. The proceedings were conducted in an orderly manner throughout. The meeting deputed a committee to call upon the Mayor and present through him a demand upon the city for the inauguration of public works for the employment of labor.

The New York *Sun* holds that it was indiscreet in Mr. West, the British Minister to Washington, to say, as a dispatch from Ottawa reports him as saying, that "it is useless for the Canadian government to attempt to negotiate a new treaty with the United States with the Senate as composed at present. It is not so much their opposition to the new treaty that would lead the Senate to oppose the proposed Commission as it is their hostility to any measure that may emanate from President Cleveland." It is very much to be doubted that he did speak so.

E. G. PRIOR,
—IMPORTER OF—
Iron, Steel, HARDWARE
—AND—
Agricult'rl Machinery
Builders' Hardware, Miners' Outfits,
Farm Wagons, Plows, Harrows,
Mowers, Reapers Twine Binders,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

Samuel May & Co.,
TORONTO
Manufacturers of
Billiard & Pool Tables,
With Steel and Monarch Cushions.
Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of
BILLIARD MATERIAL
Ten Pin Alley Balls and Pins,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
SAMUEL MAY & CO., Victoria.
Send for Price List. mar11 D & W

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA
Employment Bureau!
Furnishes all kinds of Help Free of Charge.

OUR BUSINESS AGENCY.
Do you want to Buy or Sell a Business, Take a Partner, &c.
PICKERING & CO.
OFFICE:
Fort St. between Douglas & Broad,
VICTORIA, B. C.
P. O. Box 634. Telephone 21.
feb25 3m

Ho! For the Mines.
THE PONEY EXPRESS
A FOUR HORSE STAGE,
WILL LEAVE SPENCE'S BRIDGE EVERY MONDAY MORNING, arriving at Alex. Coutlee's the same evening, and connecting there with a first class Saddle Train; leaves on Tuesday morning,
Arriving at Granite Creek the same Evening.
Returning leaves Granite Creek the following Monday, arriving at Spence's Bridge in time to connect with the Railroad train on Thursday morning
FARE—THROUGH TRIP, - - $14
EXPRESS FREIGHT, 10 cts. per lb
A. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.
mar11 D & W 2m

To Coal Consumers.
Coal Direct from the Collieries.
THE VANCOUVER COAL MINING AND Land Company (Limited) are now prepared to supply consumers direct from their Collieries with their
Best Household Coal
In quantities of one ton and upwards.
Price $7 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.
The Coal will be hand picked and delivered in sacks of 100 lbs. each. Orders should be sent to the Company at Nanaimo, and to prevent delay should be accompanied by Post Office Order or Cheque.
The Coal will be delivered at the consumer's residence or place of business within two days of receipt of advice.
aug 6 SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Supt.

If You Are Going to Move
Call on the Victoria Truck & Dray Co., (Limited.)
Furniture and Pianos moved with Care and Dispatch.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
Telephone No. 13—P. O. Box 329.—Office, Central Coal Yard. feb27

MIDWIFERY.
MRS. McGREGOR, M.D., RECENTLY from Halifax, N. S. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant streets over Gosnell's grocery store mar13

—THE—
EQUITABLE
Life Assurance Society,
120 Broadway, New York.
HENRY B. HYDE, President.

Assets, January 1st, 1886	$66,553,387 50
Liabilities, 4 per cent, Valuation	$52,691,148 37
Surplus	$13,862,239 13

(Surplus on N. Y. Standard, 4½ per cent. interest, $17,495,329 40.)

Surplus, over Liabilities, on every standard of valuation, larger than that of any other life assurance company.

New Assurance in 1885	$96,011,378 00
Outstanding Assurance	$357,338,246 00
Total Paid Policy-Holders in 1885	$7,138,689 05
Paid Policy-Holders since Organization	$88,211,175 62
Income	$16,590,053 13

Improvement during the Year

Increase of Premium Income	$1,430,349 00
Increase of Surplus	$3,378,622 03
Increase of Assets	$8,391,461 96

New assurance written in 1883, the largest business ever transacted by the Society or by any other company in a single year; the business of 1884 three millions over that of 1883, and that of 1885 eleven millions over that of 1884.

Assurance written by the Society during the twenty-six years and a half of its history, $165,000,000 more than any other company has written during the same period.

The Society issues plain and simple contract of assurance, free from burdensome and technical conditions, and INCONTESTABLE after three years. All Policies as soon as they become incontestable are payable IMMEDIATELY upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death.

I hereby certify, that after a personal examination of the Investments and accounts of the Society, I find the foregoing condensed statement thereof to be correct and true.
JOHN A. McCALL, Jr., Comptroller.

For full particulars, see the 26th ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Society.

Skilful life insurance agents can do more business for the Equitable than for any other company, and consequently can earn more money for themselves. Interviews and correspondence invited.

C. G. BALLENTYNE,
General Manager, B. C.
feb22 1m VICTORIA.

C.P.R.R.
TERMINAL CITY,
VANCOUVER
Lots 181 and 196, known as the Hastings Sawmill Property, are now being cleared and streets opened. This valuable property is offered for sale by single Lot or Blocks, and at prices that will command attention. A large rebate allowed to builders.
Plans and Price Lists, now in the hands of the leading Estate Agents in Victoria, New Westminster and Granville.
Robertson & Co.,
Estate Agents, Victoria.

TOWN OF FARWELL
Lots for Sale.
ALLSOP & MASON.
oc19 6m

J. C. & J. FIELDS
Candles,
Salad Oil, Bulk and case,
Cocoa Matting, plain & fancy
Fry Pans,
Galv'd Iron Buckets,
Etc. Etc. Etc.
—AT—
R. C. JANION.
feb18

THE FAMOUS
The Royal Blend
WHISKEY,
Case and Bulk.
R. C. JANION
STORE STREET.

J. H. CUTTER
Bourbon Whiskey,
CASE AND BULK.
R. C. JANION,
STORE STREET. fel 17

BASS' ALE,
GUINNESS' STOUT,
QUARTS AND PINTS,
—AT—
R. C. JANION.
feb17

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.
For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.
TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.
ISOM. LANNING & CO.
aug 14 tf Proprietors.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair, 1882, 1883, 1884.
Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics Fair, 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour
FULL ROLLER PROCESS,
Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.
ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.
The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redon, the Baker who bought it, the best he had ever used.
Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.
PORTLAND AGENT:
GEORGE SHIEL,
8 Stark street

OREGON MILLING CO.'S
ROYAL FLOUR!
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.
Sold by all leading Grocers.
JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

John Meston
CARRIAGE MAKER,
BLACKSMITH, Etc.
Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

QUEEN'S MARKET

GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA B. C.
L. GOODACRE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BUTCHER.
Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.
Shipping Supplied at Lowest Rates

TABLE DELICACIES,
AND ALL KINDS OF
FINE
FAMILY GROCERIES
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
Provisions, Liquors, Etc.,
Every article for hotel, boarding house or private family use.
HENRY SAUNDERS
Johnson Street.

MASONIC BUILDING.
CHEAP
BOOTS
CHEAP VARIETY STORE
AND
SHOES
DOUGLAS ST., Vic.

Miners' Gum Boots

PICTURES FRAMED
CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A large stock of Fine Mouldings unequalled in Victoria.
Fine Selected Stock of Engravings,
Works of Art and all kinds of Pictures, Mirrors, and Picture Glass sold by the light or box.
The finest Furniture made to order.
All work warranted.
JOS. SOMMER,
se24 Government street.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
NOTICE.
THE above Society was duly organized on Saturday evening, the 20th inst.
All persons who may be eligible wishing to join the Society can do so WITHOUT PAYMENT OF ENTRANCE FEE, by signing the roll at the Secretary's office and payment of one month's dues—$1 or one year's dues—$5 in advance,
Prior to the 1st day of April next.
All members who have already joined are requested to call at the Secretary's office and sign the roll.
By order.
C. MORTON, Secretary.
Feb. 22, 1886. feb23 1m

Intending Settlers
AT OR NEAR COAL HARBOR can obtain from the undersigned all kinds of
FURNITURE,
Blankets, Bedding, Spring Mattresses, Tobacco, all kinds of Fruit and Confectionery, Vegetables, Hay, Grain, Etc.
Remember, you can buy your supplies from me cheaper than you can ship from Victoria.
F. W. HART,
nov30 Granville, B. C.

Hotels and Restaurants.

Halfway House,
Granite Creek Road.
A HOTEL, half way between Nicola and Granite Creek, has been opened for the accommodation of the traveling public, who can make this the first night's stopping place from Nicola, and reach Granite Creek next day.
The Hotel is supplied with all the necessary creature comforts.
Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars on hand. Charges moderate.
T. RICHARDSON,
jan20 1m d&w Proprietor.

BEACON HILL.
The Colonist Hotel!
(LATE PARK HOTEL.)
LOVELY SCENERY! BEAUTIFUL SURROUNDINGS!
A pleasant and healthful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria.
Families can be provided with suites of rooms at moderate charges. A first-class Cook has been engaged. Telephone call 507.

Esquimalt Hotel,
ESQUIMALT.
HAS been thoroughly refitted, and will be found equal to any in the town for comfortable accommodations, at the following rates.
Board, per week, $4.50; Board and Lodging, per week, $5 and $6; Meals, 25c, Beds, 25c and 50c. Baggage taken to the hotel free of charge.
JOSEPH MILLER,
aug12 tf Proprietor.

SUNNYSIDE HOTEL,
GRANVILLE.
FIRST-CLASS in every particular, Rates, $1, $1.50 and $2 per day, according to accommodation. Special rates by the week or month. The largest and most commodious hotel on Burrard Inlet. Fittings and furnishings throughout new. A large number of guests can be accommodated.
oct5 H. HEMLOW, Proprietor.

The Gordon Hotel,
Johnson St., between Store & Wharf
WHERE "OLD BOB" will be found at his usual business of selling BAD WHISKEY, but good Cigars.
The undersigned cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.
ROBERT McDERMOTT.
Victoria, January 8th, 1886. jan8

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
Southeast Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.
VICTORIA, B. C.
Board and Lodging, per week .... $5.50 and $6
Board, per week $4.50
Beds, per night 50cts
No Chinese Employed.
The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
sep16 JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

California Hotel,
Cor. Washington and Adams sts.,
Port Townsend, Washington Ter.
BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5.
Single Meals, 25 cents.
Best of accommodations and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.
je9 1y CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

WINNIPEG HOTEL,
PORT MOODY B. C.
THIS new and elegant Hotel is now open. The choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand. The table supplied with the best in the market.
Charges moderate.
sep10 3m P. CAREY, Proprietor.

Globe Hotel,
ESQUIMALT.
Board and Lodging moderate. Billiard Room attached.
No Chinamen employed.
aug1 tf DOYLE & FISHER, Proprietors.

FOR SALE.
To Farmers, Milkmen and Poultry Raisers.
"RICE MEAL," for fattening Stock of all kinds.
"CHIT RICE," invaluable to Poultry Raisers.
Victoria Rice Mill, Store Street.
feb15 d&w tf

For Sale or Barter,
Two Handsome High Grade Bull Calves, until March 1st, 1886, aged 5 and 7 months.
Some young half-broke Horses
WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
Seed Oats,
Wheat,
3 tons Potatoes,
500 Cedar Posts, 7 feet long.
W. F. TOLMIE,
feb1 Cloverdale, Victoria District

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CALEDONIA WASHING POWDER
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We can safely recommend it to the public as possessing qualities known to be UNRIVALLED.
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REAL ESTATE.
Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their offices. fa13

The Daily Times.

Victoria, Saturday, March 20, 1886

THE LOST BABY.

[London Society.]

CHAPTER I.

Mrs. Nicholson was standing in a dubious attitude, with the study door half open, and her eyes turning from the quiet figure in the armchair by the table to another open door in the passage behind her, through which she could see a flood of sunshine, and in the sunshine a cradle.

"I don't feel quite easy," she said; "I am so afraid she should cry and no one hear her. I wish I had not let nurse go out; but all you have to do," coming into the room and speaking impressively, "all you have to do is to ring the bell violently—violently, remember—for cook. For heaven's sake, John," leaning on the table and stretching out a pretty hand to attract her husband's attention, "look up, or speak, or answer me, or you will drive me mad!"

"What is it all about, Agatha?" The calm, placid, intelligent face opposite was lifted gently, and the thin finger was slipped on to the page to mark a pause.

"It is baby, John," said Mrs. Nicholson, in a faltering voice, and with idle, angry tears rolling down her cheeks. "Here have I, for the last ten minutes, been begging and imploring of you to remember baby; not to nurse her, I wouldn't trust you, but only to ring the bell if she cries."

"Does that stop her? It seems simple enough. I think even I can do that."

But Mrs. Nicholson shook her head, still weeping.

"You may laugh at me or sneer if you like. If it were my own baby I would say nothing, I would bear it all; but Emmy's!"

With a patient sigh the gentleman at the writing table pushed the book away and lost his place. He looked at her in a bewildered way.

"What is it, Agatha? a baby! O, Emmy's baby, of course."

"And not one-half, one-hundredth part, one thousandth part, as valuable in your eyes," broke in Agatha, with impetuosity, "as the smallest, the most unknown, the most undiscovered star! You need not tell me; I know it."

"Of course," frowning gently, "every one knows that a star, however small—stars are not famous according to their size, my dear—is of infinitely more value than one hair of a baby's head. I mean"—hastily—"speaking from the entirely scientific point of view; but as you were saying—you were saying, were you not"—a little doubtfully—"something about that unfortunate babe of Emmy's?"

Mrs. Nicholson had dried her eyes, and was confronting him in all the cool splendor of her pretty summer dress, and with all the calm determination of a woman who has made up her mind.

"Yes, I was," she said; "only, once for all, John, if you call it a babe I will leave your house at once and never, never come back; and if you call it unfortunate I shall take that hateful manuscript with me and burn it at the kitchen fire. If it were yours"—with impassioned irony—"it might indeed be described as unfortunate; but Charles is the best of fathers, and he has always been the best of husbands."

"Yes, yes, of course, my dear. I said nothing against Charles; I did not know we were talking about him. We can finish him up to-night," cheerfully. "If that is all you had better go out now, while it is fine," turning his eyes to the dazzling sunlight for an instant and then back to his blotted page. "You can tell me about Charles, you know, when you come in. The best of husbands! I don't know much about them, I fear, but I know a little about the best of wives."

He rose and laid his hand on the long, slender, soft gray glove that was leaning with determination on his neat manuscript. The gray glove closed round his hand gently and clung to him almost as if it were loth to leave the thin worn fingers; but he patted it gently and laid it aside. Mrs. Nicholson gave a faint sigh, but when she spoke again she spoke with less decision and more pleading.

"It is not Charles, indeed, it is not; it is the baby. Nurse has gone out, and I have put her cradle in the morning room by the window. John," suddenly—"are you listening? What did I say last?"

"The morning room, Agatha."

"Well," with a sigh of relief, "I see you are taking it in and forgetting those horrible stars; and how you can compare a star to a baby," parenthetically, "is past me."

"I am sure I never did," he said gently.

"Well, don't interrupt me, John, or I shall never get out. What was I saying? Oh, baby is in the morning room, and if she cries—make one sound—you are to ring your bell—this bell, John—for cook; do you understand?"

"Yes, I believe so. I am to ring the bell—this bell—for cook."

"Oh, I hope you will," after a pause. "Fancy," her eyes filling with tears again, "if she cried, and no one heard her! O John, you will not deceive me? You will try—and—ring?"

"My dear," speaking with some dignity, "surely I am not utterly destitute of common humanity or common sense. I have interesting work here," pointing to the manuscript and the books of reference heaped around him; "but I suppose, after all, I am human."

"O, I hope so, I think so," cried Agatha, clasping her hands; "only you might not hear her, that was all I meant."

"Then I think," he said, with a gentle sarcastic smile, "that you may dismiss your fears; they are quite groundless."

"Very well," said Agatha, moving in a hesitating way to the door. "I am satisfied, I am trying to be satisfied; don't forget."

"No," cheerfully, "I will take a leaf from Charles's book, the best of husbands."

"Oh"—the gray glove had closed on the handle of the door, but released it again—"the painters are coming to-night, so you must not go out star gazing."

"All right," obediently; "good-bye."

"Good-bye." The bright face, that had almost disappeared round the door, came back again, and leaned against the worn velveteen of the astronomer's coat; for a minute the lips were pressed to it, then lifted. "Kiss me, John; you are a dear old fellow after all, and I am a fiend."

The sunshine seemed to leave the room with the sweet bright presence and hover over the pretty cradle, among the sounds and scents of the midsummer day. In the library there was only one shaft of light that came through the high windows and lay across the old velveteen coat, and the tidy manuscripts, and the open books, and left the handsome, clever, refined face in shadow.

CHAPTER II.

It might have been two hours afterward—painful after events created a confusion in Mr. Nicholson's mind, and the two hours might have been two days—when he became aware of a laugh in the passage by the door. His hand had grown tired with writing, but the pen traveled steadily on; his eyes had grown a little tired; and it was a relief to raise them for a minute to the locked door, behind which he heard the laugh. He rose, with a half smile on his grave face, and paused, struck by a sudden presentiment. Something came back to him as he stood in the dull light of the dull room; was it a dream of a memory, or was it—the baby? He pushed his papers further away and walked over to the door and unlocked it, throwing it wide open. There was nothing in the passage but the yellow sunlight now upon the walls and on the old prints and Mrs. Nicholson standing in her pretty gray dress, with her slim hands stretched out and the laugh that had disturbed him still upon her lips.

In the room beyond there was more sunlight and the cradle.

"John," cried Mrs. Nicholson, laughing again as if she could not help it, "what have you done with her? Give her to me. You are earning your title to the best of husbands!"

He looked up in quick perplexity, "What is it, Agatha? What do you want? I have nothing to give you."

"Oh don't, John!" she cried impatiently; "don't tease! I want baby."

"Well"—the same perplexed look creeping over his face, and softening its sternness—"take her," stretching out his hand to the cradle in the sunlight.

Agatha's eyes were turned on him for a minute with a look of contempt before which he positively quailed. Then she swept over to the cradle, and tossed out the little pillow, and the sheets with their lace edges, and the pale-blue satin coverlet on to the floor in a soft heap, and stood looking down upon the empty cradle as if she would conjure up the pink face and the flaxen head into their accustomed place.

Mr. Nicholson had followed her on tiptoe and was stirring the softly shining heap on the floor with his patent leather shoes, as if he half imagined that she had tossed the baby out among them.

"Well?" said Agatha sharply.

"Well?" he echoed feebly.

"Do you mean to say," she said, putting aside her angry vehemence and speaking tearfully, with her gray eyes turned up to his—"Oh, John, do you mean to say that you have lost her?"

"I never touched her," he cried hastily, "I never—" heard her, he would have added, but again that faint memory—that dream—stirred him. "Upon my honor, Agatha," he said abruptly, leaning down into the cradle, and poking at the mattress with his thin fingers, "upon my honor I can't remember."

"You can't remember!" said Agatha, with slow scorn. "Why John, she roared! Cook heard her in the kitchen. She came rushing up, and found the cradle empty and baby gone. She thought you had taken her into the study; she told me so; but oh, John, it was somebody else, and they have stolen her."

"My dear," he said, shaking himself together, and speaking more lightly, "who would steal her?—a baby roaring, as you say!" He shuddered. "Why, surely no one in his senses would do such a thing!"

"Emmy's baby!" cried Agatha tearfully, "and that is how you speak of her! O John, dear John, think again; didn't you hear her? Perhaps you have forgotten—perhaps you have put her somewhere, and she has gone to sleep. Sit down, John, and think—perhaps you have put her somewhere and forgotten."

Mr. Nicholson sat down on the window sill and covered his face with his hands. He tried to think, but whenever he concentrated his mind on the baby he was dimly conscious of that fading fancy that he could not grasp—that dream of a cry. It had disturbed him, he remembered, that loud, painful, jarring cry, but it had died away; surely it had died into peace without his interference? "Agatha," he said, lifting up his face, sharpened with the effect of thought, "I do remember something—somebody crying; it must have been the babe."

"Yes," said Agatha eagerly, "go on! You heard her! That is right. Cook says you must have heard her, she roared so. Well, and then? You—"

"I—I can't remember, Agatha. I may have gone on writing; that seems the most likely, I think; but I may have gone to the door. No," shaking his head, "I can't get beyond the cry. I do remember that now distinctly."

"Perhaps," said Agatha, hopefully, through her tears, "you have put her somewhere in the library. What have you been doing or using this afternoon?"

Mr. Nicholson followed humbly as she swept in before him, and flung open the great curtains, so that the light rushed in on to his table, strewed with plans and manuscript. Even then he spread out his hands, almost unconsciously, to defend his precious papers from her light scornful touch; but she stood in the center of the room, looking into every corner with her quick, soft eyes.

"What have you used, John—this chair? You have not been to the cupboard? No peeping into a dark recess, musty with papers. What else?"

"Nothing else, Agatha, here, except," with a quick smile, "the waste-paper basket, and that is empty. You can see for yourself."

"Ah," said Agatha, "here is cook," as a heavy breathing became audible in the passage. "Cook," her voice trembling at sight of the sympathetic face, "your master has not seen the baby—at least, he thinks not. He was very busy, but he heard her cry, and he may have taken her up and forgotten. We are looking for her."

"Which you won't never find her, then," said cook, in a broken voice. "In my last place but one, where I was general cleaner in Mrs. 'All's family, there was a child disappeared, as it might be this, and is was never found—gypsies or not, it was never come across again."

"Oh don't, cook!" cried Agatha, plaintively. "And Emmy coming this evening! Your master thinks he may have put her somewhere and forgotten. He remembers hearing her."

"Which he might," said cook, "not being deaf. Which I don't mean no disrespect, sir, but she was roaring awful and I says to Maud, says I, 'Master'll never no 'ow to quiet that child, so I'll run up an' bring her down a bit;' and I stops to change my apron, and I ups, as it might be here, and the cradle, as it might be there, and no sound, and the cradle as empty as it is this minute."

Cook turned dramatically, and pointed one stout arm to the little cradle in the sunlight. Mrs. Nicholson's tearful eyes followed the hand, and her husband stood uneasily in the center of the group, with an anxious frown upon his face.

"Which," added cook scornfully, "I think a baby—and such a one, bless her!—is of more vally than all this rubbish." She waved her hand over the table, on which lay the neat manuscript and the rows of mended pens; and Mr. Nicholson moved instinctively a step backward, as if she had an evil eye and his writings would shrivel up at her scornful gesture.

"Cook," said Mrs. Nicholson, with dignity, marred a little by the quiver in her voice, "you don't understand. Your master is very clever, and his writings are of great value. Of course," with a pleading look upward, "baby is our first thought just now. There are no wild beasts here, so she cannot be eaten. But she has gone, and before Emmy comes this evening she must be found."

"Of course she must," said her husband, plucking up courage from her exceeding gentleness. "We will begin systematically, and go through every room in the house."

So the search began, that ended an hour later, in the great hall, with three perplexed faces meeting each other at the foot of the stairs, in silence that Mrs. Nicholson broke.

"It's no use, John; I cannot bear it any longer. She is lost!"

She flung out her empty hands with a despairing gesture, but her husband caught and held them.

"Don't give up, Agatha; it will all come right. If I search the world through, I will find her."

"Or the body," said cook.

Mrs. Nicholson shuddered.

The minute's silence was broken by a sound of merry laughter and the trampling of feet. For a minute Agatha raised her head, listening intently, and then she drooped it with a sigh.

"It is only the rectory boys, John," she said; "they have been in the hay field all day, and I asked them to tea. I can't speak to them. I am too anxious."

She would have moved away, but the noise and laughter were all in the hall already, and the boys were stumbling up toward her in the darkness, over the rugs and skins. Something white was being shoved from one to the other, and was pushed into Agatha's arms at last, and held there by a pair of rough, sunburned hands.

"What is it? Oh, Jack, what is it?" she cried, bending down and kissing, to their owner's great surprise, the boy's rough hands.

"Don't, I say," said Jack, drawing them away with a curious, shamefaced look. "It's only the baby, Mrs. Nicholson. She was crying in the cradle, so I just got into the room and bagged her. She's been playing in the hay; she nearly got jabbed with a rake, but Jim got it instead. She's a jolly little thing. Did you miss her?"

"Yes, I thought she was lost," said Agatha gently.

"Lost!" with a roar of laughter. "Well that is good! May we wash our hands for tea? I'm not so dirty, I've been holding her; but Jim's simply mud all over. Here, have you got her? it's so dark I can't see."

The turbulent tide swept away into the dim distance of stairs and passages, leaving a little group in the twilight of the hall; a tall, dark figure, against which a golden head was leaning, and two arms with a white bundle folded in them.

"Kiss her, John," came a soft voice out of the darkness. "I know you would rather not, she's only a baby, not a star; but just as a punishment because you were so stupid."

The tall figure stooped and laid a dark mustache against the little bundle.

"She's very soft," said another voice; "I don't think I ever knew so much about a baby before."

There was, after a moment's silence, a movement on the man's part, as though he was drawing himself up to his full height, with a view to reassuring his dignity. He cleared his throat.

"After all, Agatha," he said gruffly, "I did not lose the baby."

"I never said you did," said Agatha: "I only asked you, and you couldn't remember."

"Another time," with an evident effort, "I suppose I shall be condemned unheard."

"Another time!" scornfully. "You may set your mind at rest. Neither I nor Emmy is in the least likely to trust you again, at least not with anything of value."

"Then how about the baby?" with a laugh.

"That," said Agatha firmly, "includes the baby."

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Port Hammond	7 A M				7 A M.	
Plumper Pass				7 A M		
Granv'le, Moodyv'le, Pt Moody		7 A M			7 A M	
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(No. 128.)

A BYLAW
Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for 1886.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $40,000, including the now existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the thirty-first day of December, 1886, out of the municipal revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This Bylaw may be cited as the "Bank Credit Bylaw, 1886."

Passed the Municipal Council the third day of February, A. D. 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 11th day of February, A. D. 1886.

JAMES FELL,
Mayor.
{L.S.} JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C. fe22

No. 129.

A BYLAW
To Repeal Certain Bylaws.

Whereas it appears from a decision of the County Court of Victoria on appeal that Section 3 of the "Revenue Amendment Bylaw, 1885," is invalid, and from a decision of the Supreme Court of British Columbia that the "Retail Liquor Licenses Regulation Bylaw, 1885," is invalid. And whereas the continuance of invalid Bylaws is liable to mislead the public:

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Section 3 of the "Revenue Amendment Bylaw, 1885," and the "Retail Liquor Licenses Regulation Bylaw, 1885," are hereby repealed.

Passed the Municipal Council this 17th day of February, A. D., 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 24th day of February, A. D., 1886.

JAMES FELL,
Mayor.
{L. S.} JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C. feb26

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VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA
ESTABLISHED [illegible]

Notices.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

LEISER vs. A. MAYER & CO.

BY VIRTUE of an order made in this action on Friday, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1886, by the Honorable Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, Knight Chief Justice, the undersigned has been appointed Receiver of all the personal Estate, Effects and Credits of Alexander Mayer and Marcus Wolfe, trading under the name, style and firm of A. Mayer & Co., of Nanaimo (such appointment being without prejudice to any prior mortgages upon the said estate.)

All persons owing any moneys or having any securities of or belonging to or in which the said firm or either of the members thereof may have any interest whatever, are forthwith required to pay over or account for the same to the undersigned.

JAMES CHARLES PREVOST,
Receiver.
Dated at Victoria, March 3 1886. mar5 tf

Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of W. H. DRING of Chemainus, deceased.

ALL persons indebted to the above estate are required to pay the amounts due forthwith; and all persons having claims against the said estate are requested to present the same to

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor to the Executor.
Victoria, March 3. 1886. mar3

Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on the north side of Thurlow Island, opposite Loughborough Inlet Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at stake about 40 chains from coast and run east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D. MERRILL.
January 25th, 1886. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on Homfray Channel, Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on the coast and about 7 miles from S. W. end of said channel and running east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D MERRILL.
January 25, 1886. j26 law 2man

Notice

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM of Callbreath, Grant & Cook, Cassiar, are requested to call on the undersigned at the office of Mr. R. Lippett second door from the Telegraph office, Victoria, to settle their indebtedness, or legal steps will be taken to collect the same.

JOHN GRANT.
Victoria, Dec. 3rd, 1884. de3 td

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Young & Gray, Chemainus, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against the late firm are to be settled by Samuel Gray, to whom payments of all outstanding accounts due the firm are to be paid.

H. J. YOUNG,
S. GRAY.
Witness: JAMES GRAY.
March 8, 1886. m8 2w

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Boyd & Hillman has been this day dissolved by mutual agreement, Mr. Hillman retaining the business.

(Signed) HUGH BOYD.
CHARLES HILLMAN.
March 15, 1886. mar15 law 3w

Notice.

DURING my absence in California Frank Campbell holds my power of attorney.

P. MURPHY.
Adelphi Saloon.
October 3rd, 1885. oct3

The Acme Self-Basting Roaster.

Free Use on Trial for Two Days.

CALL AND GET ONE AT COWAN'S Hardware Store, Government street, next to the Colonist office. Price $3.50. Will roast 25 lbs. There is no necessity of having tough meat without juice or flavor. No need of getting on our knees to baste your meat; it will take care of itself.

J. R. HANSON & CO., Proprietors.
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Eberts & Taylor,
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A. M. Taylor, M.D., Will give special attention to Surgery and Diseases of Women. Residence—Johnson street, 2 doors west of Quadra. Telephone 587.

R. B. Clark, M. D., M. R. C. S. Will give special attention to Nervous and Chronic Diseases. Over 20 years' experience. Residence—Corner Yates and Quadra streets. Telephone 599.

jan28 3m

R. B. THOMPSON,
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☞ Nitric Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth
OFFICE HOURS—9 a. m. to 5 p. m. dec8

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ESTABLISHED 1869,
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july13 T. J. BURNES.

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E. H. FISHER,
Architect,
DeCosmos' New Block, Government street,
VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. Box 474.

MR. E. MALLANDAINE,
Architect,
Broughton street, near corner Broad street Victoria.

J. P. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Galpin's Block, Government Street, Victoria. nov 2

JOHN TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
GOVERNMENT STREET. VICTORIA, B. C.

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ROBT. LIPSETT,
REAL ESTATE BROKER AND FINANCIAL AGENT,
july11 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

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OFFICIAL SEALS
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Corner Trounce and Broad Streets
au24tf Victoria, B. C.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, March 20, 1886.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

While the TIMES is always prepared to give publicity to the views of correspondents on any question of interest to the public, provided facts are given, couched in unobjectionable language, we wish it to be understood that we do not hold ourselves responsible for the views expressed by the writers thereof.

Nor can we give room to duplicates of letters that have appeared in our contemporaries either in this city or elsewhere in the province. Correspondents, therefore, will save time and trouble in preparing such for THE TIMES, as they will be rejected.

Our space is valuable, and brevity, as far as possible, should be observed in writing on any topic, and on ONE SIDE of the sheet only.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Race to-night at the rink between Westlake and Watson.

—If you want a modern building, have your plans made by Fisher the Architect.*

—Pendray & Co.'s Oatmeal Toilet Soap is gaining in favor every day. *

—Traffic by the Sound steamers is daily increasing.

—Skating vs. running race between Westlake and Watson for $100 at the rink to-night.

—The Sal Soda and Washing Powder manufactured by Pendray & Co., is the best in the market and cheap, too. *

—Mr. J. E. Woodworth, M. P. P. for Brandon, and well known here, arrived in Ottawa on the 12th.

—If you want an article that will give you satisfaction every time, try Pendray & Co.'s Blue Mottled Soap. *

—The opium seized at Kassan Bay by Mr. Beecher, will be sold on the 20th of April at Port Townsend.

—Lovers of the cue should remember that THE LANSDOWNE billiard parlor is the best in town. *

—Mr. D. R. Sewell, who was first officer on the ill-fated John Rosenfeld, has left for the East via San Francisco.

—Before purchasing stoves, etc., call at Cowan's stove warehouse, Colonist building. *

—The balance of the Rosenfeld's cargo of coal was sold by the purchasers of the wreck to the Victoria Gas Company.

—The Provincial Treasurer has been incubating for some days past. The public await with anxiety the result.

—Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather a large number visited Beacon Hill to witness the pedestrian contest.

—In the go-as-you-please race at Beacon Hill this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock Vernell was three miles ahead of his opponents.

—The steamer Geo. E. Starr had a rough passage from this port to Seattle yesterday, arriving several hours late at the latter port.

—House-keepers will find a good assortment of house furnishing goods, etc. at Cowan's warehouse, Colonist building. *

—The Mayor is certainly making an improvement at some of the street corners in removing the unsightly boulders that have so long disfigured the streets.

—A splendid assortment of German and Anglo-German accordeons and concertinas, just received at Waitt & Co.'s music store.

—*Lansdowne House, Yates street, received to-day Brussels Kid Gloves Combination and other Hoop-skirts Bustles, &c., &c. John Partridge, Prop.*

—It is understood that the Rev. J. B. Alexander, British Vice Consul at Port Townsend, will soon be placed under salary, as the increase of the British shipping at that port demands the constant attention of this officer.

—A new postoffice will be opened on the 1st of April next at Donald, B. C., a station on the C. P. R. 116 miles west of Canmore. Mr. George H. Preswell is the postmaster appointed.

—That valuable preparation called the Gum Tree (Eucalyptus) Cough Syrup that does not make you sick at the stomach, is for sale by Langley & Co. Victoria, sole agents.

—No room can be considered as well furnished unless supplied with one of those NEW and STYLISH FENDERS, on view and for sale at A. & W. Wilson's, Fort street.

—The thoroughbred Jersey Bull "El Rio," No. 13608, at Kelvin street, (opposite Tolmie's gate) Saanich Road. For particulars of service apply to F. REVELY Victoria. P. O. Box 438. *

—Mr. C. P. Stone, of Seattle, an enterprising breeder of fancy fowls, says that orders for eggs are coming in faster than he can fill them, parties from this city having ordered eight dozens yesterday.

—For sale, thoroughbred White Leghorn—Light Brahma and W. C. B. Poland fowls; also eggs of the same breeds and of the Langshan and Imperial Pekin Duck. Apply to F. REVELY, Victoria. P. O. Box 438. *

—F. C. Innes & Co., Real Estate Brokers, and Financial Agents, Vancouver B. C., attend promptly to all enquiries about the terminal city; *Free Reading Room* for use of strangers arriving in Vancouver. *

—The Geo. E. Starr brought freight for: Fell & Co, J Weiler, A Ofner, Neufelder & Ross, T Earle, J H Todd & Co, Geo Powell, H B Co, H Jewell, S Clay, J Dyer & Co, F K mball, S re & Dean, A C P M.

—In our "Personal Mention" yesterday we affixed M. P. instead of J. P. to Henry Croft, Esq., of Chemainus. While the affix is a little premature, yet we have no doubt that an M. P. would be becoming to the gentleman in question.

—Mr. J. N. Muir, principal of the High School, has organized a singing school for the pupils of the St. Andrew's Church Presbyterian Sunday school. The first meeting was held last night in the Broughton street hall. We wish you success.

—Misses Fanny Bregan and Lizzie Madigan will arrive by the Mexico on her next trip from San Francisco, where they have purchased a large stock of millinery &c., for their new store, which they are about to open next to the Japanese Bazaar, Government street. *

—Mr. W. H. Philipps, engraver, has purchased twenty feet of ground on Yates street, west of Mr. Bowman's residence, and has began the erection of a frame residence and workshop. The price paid for the ground was $1050, or $52.50 per foot frontage.

—The Geo. E. Starr brought the following passengers: J Sullivan, A Rhodes and daughter, Wm Pierce, R Day, J Hotsan, R I Dodd, M Donohue, A Brenan, N Corcoran, P Cosgrove, Mrs Cosgrove, F E Sander, W Winston, A Warfield, Clarke, Johnson, Bibero, Woods, Miller.

—"Politics makes strange bedfellows" truly. Only a few months ago, the Mayor and our esteemed friend of the *Colonist* were at dagger's drawn; now they are "hail fellows well met" and go a-round on tours of street inspection arm in arm. The lion and the lamb have lain down together and a little child—(Pal—Policy) is leading them. Let brotherly love continue!

THE ARCADE.

Mr. David Spencer's New Dry Goods Palace—Tenders Asked For.

A few days since reference was made in these columns to the proposed new store Mr. David Spencer was about to erect on Government street on the site of the premises formerly occupied by Mr. John Finlayson, grocer, and extending to Broad street. The plans are now on view at the offices of Mr. Fisher, architect, in DeCosmos block. The building for Mr. Spencer will be known as the Arcade, will be two stories high, and have a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 240 feet. The Government street elevation presents a very neat appearance, and when completed will be quite attractive. The design is neat and artistic, but devoid of any extra unnecessary elaborations. There will be five sheets of plate glass each 7x10 on the frontages; over which will be another 6 feet of glass, much of which will be figured and colored, imparting a fine effect to the inside appearance of the store. The height of the ceiling on the ground floor is to be 18 feet. The second story will be lighted by six windows, each 36x48. The second story on Government street is to be devoted to offices. The Y. M. C. A. have leased a room fronting on Broad street 40x35, which will be divided into a lecture, reception and other rooms. The second story has a ceiling of 14 feet. On the ground floor, in the centre of the building, will be located the millinery room. It will not, however, be on the principal floor, but in a side room which will also be a very commodious room, lighted from the roof. The entrance to the second story from Government street will be by a stairway on the left side of the store, and on Broad street from the right. Skylights will be utilized to thoroughly light the interior of the establishment. A flag staff 35 feet high will surmount the Government street elevation, giving the whole a finished appearance. The internal fittings will be of the most modern design. Upon the whole the "Arcade" will be one of the most elaborate and complete mercantile establishments in the Northwest, and a credit to its enterprising proprietor as well as an ornament to this city.

TWENTY-FOUR O'CLOCK.

The New System Adopted by the C. P. R. Company on the 1st March.

Superintendent Pound, of the Winnipeg and Port Arthur division of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, on the 1st inst., the twenty-four o'clock plan of time-table in operation on his division for the purpose of a test. That division was selected because it is 430 miles long, and, as he said, a time-table extending over such a lengthy line would manifestly be materially simplified by avoiding all reference to the distinguishing terms of a. m., p. m. noon and night. Since March 1st the periods of time are expressed by stating the time of arrival at Port Arthur at thirteen o'clock and the hour of departure from Winnipeg at nineteen o'clock. The line from Winnipeg to Port Arthur, however, forms only a small portion of the Western Division. Its entire length is 1458 miles. The Superintendent said that it is a fact that the large majority of railway managers in the United States and Canada who have given the subject investigation are in favor of the plan of simplifying railway time-tables by avoidance of the division of the day into two parts of twelve hours each, and by computing time so that 12 p. m. shall be 24 o'clock. He believed it will be adopted within the next ten years on all the long lines. The experimental test of the system is about to be made in a locality where any advantages it may possess would be specially useful on such a lengthy division and the disadvantage would be of small amount.

A BENEFACTOR.

Different Opinions as to What Constitutes a Genuine Benefactor.

The Marquis of Lorne has contributed a second paper to *Good Words*, which appears in the March issue of that serial. Illustrations are likewise given from sketches prepared by H.R.H. the Princess Louise. The Marquis on this occasion is not up to his usual standard of excellence. In the current paper he deals with the emigration boom of 1881, the marvellous growth of Winnipeg and Brandon, as well as many other cities and towns in the Northwest. Amongst other amusing incidents appears the following which may be of peculiar interest to many in this province. As narrated by the Marquis, and told to him by an early settler. "Yesterday," says the settler in question, "an old man over seventy years of age came to me. Where had he come from? He had been born, and bred in Golspie. I gave him some of the whiskey of the country and told him that when next he came I might be able to give him a glass of Clyneleish whiskey from Brora. I was amused at his remark of thanks, for the curse of this region may be put down as whiskey drinking in excess. Such scruples had evidently not troubled my friend, for when I announced my expectation of the arrival of mountain dew from Sutherland, he said: 'Weel now, sir, ye'll just be the making of this countree!'"

CHINESE IN AUSTRALIA.

H. J. Lennox, of Melbourne, Australia, who is sojourning in San Francisco states that the Australian colonies are experiencing troubles with Chinese immigration similar to those that have excited the public on the Pacific coast during the past year. In Victoria a poll tax of $10 a head is rigidly enforced, and the immigration act limits the entry of non naturalized Chinamen to one passenger for every 100 tons of the vessel in which they may arrive. During the month of January the ship Afghan arrived at Melbourne from Hongkong. She had 179 Chinese passengers on board. Of these 127 were naturalized British subjects but 52 attempted to land upon false papers. As the Afghan was only a 1400 ton ship her limit of passengers was fourteen. Capt. Ray was at once cited to appear in the city bench, and as the evidence was clear against him he was promptly fined $500. Evidence brought out during the trial showed that in Hongkong brokers do a good business in Victoria naturalization papers. In several instances boys of 14 who were passengers upon the Afghan had papers stating that the owner's age was 40 years. Upon being pressed as to how they secured these papers, the boys admitted that they had paid 140 taels for them in China; for that sum brokers had guaranteed to land them in Melbourne. One hundred and forty taels is about equal to £35 English currency.

THE DUAL VOTE.

Mr. Grant has given notice in the House that he will move the insertion of the following clause in the Municipalities Act Amendment Bill now before the House: "The Mayor or the presiding officer, or chairman of any meeting of the Council of the City of Victoria may vote with the other members on all questions, and any question on which there is an equality of votes shall be declared to be negatived."

THE WIRES.

All the telegraph wires east of Ogden are reported down to-day. After receiving about one hundred words our dispatches gave out.

VANCOUVER.

A Pen Picture of the Terminus City by an Outsider.

The Vancouver fever has struck our neighbors across the border. Already a considerable number from Seattle and Tacoma have hied them thither and made Vancouver their future Mecca. Writing on the subject of the terminal city, the Seattle *Post-Intelligencer* says:

Vancouver, the proposed terminus of the Canadian Pacific railway, is beautifully situated on a peninsula from four to five miles long by two or three miles in width. Snow-capped mountains, running east and west, face it on the north. False creek is at present the southern boundary, with a possibility of it overleaping this barrier and fixing its limits in the forest on the hills to the south. Over a thousand acres of land have been cleared and divided into town lots. At present these lots are not selling as rapidly as one would suppose, for the reason that capitalists expect to buy lots cheaper from the railroad company. This company has five thousand acres of land for its proposed townsite. Two hundred men are cutting the timber of this tract. Until this land is cleared there will be little activity in the sale of lots. This will be no sooner than the first of May. However hopeful the people of British Columbia may be that the Canadian Pacific will be ready to carry freight and passengers by the 1st of July, they will probably have to wait until a much later date. Not much capital is going into Vancouver under such a state of things. The woodsman, the painter, the carpenter, the hotels and restaurants are reaping a golden harvest, but other branches of business are not doing much. The population at present is principally Canadians. They are looking to the time when Vancouver will be the London of America, and are depending on the celebrated American enterprise from the States to come over and help them. Men of the Pacific Coast are too well acquainted with booms to invest their all in a proposed railway terminus. They have so often been deceived by greedy railroad corporations that they throw to the winds all mandates issued by their orders. Undoubtedly Vancouver, on Coal Harbor, is the terminus. Coal Harbor is well protected from the sea, and will make an invaluable shipping place. It could not be on English Bay at the present period, for it would take millions of dollars to shield it from the open sea. In the meantime capitalists wait for the actual entrance of the Canadian Pacific road in Vancouver.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.

It is reported in Montreal that the fine new locomotive built at the Grand Trunk shops in that city for the Colonial Exhibition is not going. It seems that three days ago the locomotive was all ready to go and the government were advised to that effect. They, however, plead poverty, and refused to grant the $2000 which it will cost to send the engine across and bring it back, so it is not to go. When the engine was commenced it was with the express understanding that it was to be completed, and an estimate was then to be sent in of the cost of shipping it, which would be all right in any case.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE TERMINAL CITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—The foundation of a new city has been laid here, and every indication of a prosperous future bears the semblance of fact. Enterprise so far has been limited to a variety of purposes, according to the limited means of promoters. The place has every appearance of a mining camp, previous to a big rush, and simply seems to be preparing for something in expectancy. The smile of hope is on every face; that is to say, every face having a settled object in view. Hotels are crowded, and accommodation so far overtaxes the genial desires of hotel proprietors. Speculation, as yet, is limited to the 85-acre lot adjoining the old town of Granville, and will be until the C. P. R. Co. throw their land on the market. By that time, however, the old town of Granville and the tract mentioned, will be almost covered with buildings, the character of which will be varied, according to the business objects of the owners. Railway work will be in full swing about the first of April, and the C.P.R. townsite will be ready for occupancy about May or June, as in the absence of water, building will be carried on under considerable risk. The incorporation of the new city is an immediate necessity, as the Council will have an immense work before them in the assessment of property, clearing of streets and a multitude of other improvements too numerous to mention. In fact, the new Council will have to undertake the work of years in the way of preparation, and actual work. With the extensive hotel accommodation already constructed and in course of construction it is wholly inadequate to the demand, and the various lines of trade, although fairly represented are only a modicum of growing requirements. Let no one mistake me; I am not writing as an enthusiast. A deal of money will be made, and a deal of money lost, but the spirit which prompts men to undertake risk will compensate them to some extent for lost opportunities. The class of men daily arriving at the terminus are of the material which has largely built up this western portion of the continent. Sharp, shrewd and speculative, no attempt is too daring, if it looks feasible. Such spirits must win, and any city taken in hand by such a class of people must be a success. There is one thing, however, which seems to have been ill advised, and that is the selection of its present name. It may have been that when the question of terminus was an uncertainty some of its promoters adopted a name which was well known as an advertising medium in their favor. But now conditions are changed, and the practical value of the city so well known, that if it were called Hogville it would be in the same demand. Therefore, there seems to be no necessity for adopting a name likely to lead to many conflictions. It matters but little what the name really is, so that it is easy of pronunciation, and if possible the only one of the kind on the Pacific Coast. This seems to me to be a matter which should be decided at a public meeting by a majority of the citizens of that place, and the result of such deliberative decision forwarded to the district members with a request that they see the necessary amendment made before the charter is granted. R.

Vancouver, March 19, 1886.

THE "COLONIST'S" BOULDERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

Saint David, as usual, garbles about the boulders and does not tell the truth. It is a well-known fact that truth and David are not often on very familiar terms. The Mayor did order the rocks to be removed, but the work was stopped by orders of the majority of the Street Committee. He went along with the Chairman of the Committee and the Street Overseer and the most unsightly rocks on the street corners and along the streets were pointed out and ordered to be removed, with the intention of replacing the same with stone posts; thus doing exactly what was the wish of five-ninths of the council, but not as St. David and his three supporters wanted.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Fourth Session—Fourth Parliament

THIRTY-THIRD DAY.

FRIDAY, March 19.

VANCOUVER.

The debate on Mr. Orr's motion for the second reading of the bill incorporating the terminal city of Vancouver was continued by the following members:

Hon. Mr. Smithe thought it would be possible for the House in committee to strike out the name Vancouver, but if that were done the bill would be killed. There was no petition before the House for the incorporation of the city of Granville, but there is one for the incorporation of Vancouver. The bill should be discussed on its merits; if it was a bad one, let it be voted down and the people can then incorporate under the general act; but it was unworthy of this House to refuse the prayer of the petitioners simply because they wanted to call the place Vancouver.

Mr. Semlin said the question had come up in the Private Bills Committee, but it was thought that the name might well be left to the House. He would not, however, vote against the bill, because the name Vancouver had been given to the place. It was well known that that name never was thought of until Mr. Van Horne arrived here about two years ago. As a question of right, he thought the House would be justified in naming the place. Straws show how the wind blow, and from beginning to end the Government have given way to Mr. Van Horne. The city, in his opinion, should be called Van Horne.

Mr. Wilson said he had often been converted by the eloquence of the Provincial Secretary, but on this occasion he had been converted in a opposite direction. He did not propose to sit here and be threatened by the Provincial Secretary, the leader of the Government, or any person else. [Hear, hear.] The Municipality Act did not give the Government power to act in the way indicated by the Provincial Secretary. As far as the name goes he was perfectly indifferent, but it seemed to him that it would be well to test the threat of the Provincial Secretary and change the name to Granville. The bill, he thought, was premature, like many others which had been introduced this session. Year after year he had followed that honorable gentleman, but for one he did not propose to sit here and listen quietly to the covert threats that had been used by the Provincial Secretary.

Mr. Drake thought the actions good one, although it would be better were all corporations of this kind under a general act. The question of the name was a purely sentimental one, and as far as he was concerned it was a matter of utter indifference.

Mr. Cunningham approved of the bill, and could see no reason for refusing to pass it.

Mr. Dingwall moved the six months hoist, but the motion was ruled out of order.

Mr. McLeese regretted the untemperate remarks of the Provincial Secretary. A few days ago that gentleman had deprecated sectional feeling, but he had just made one of the most intensely sectional speeches he had ever heard. It was like flunting a red flag before a bull. The mainland members were above sectional feelings and wished it might pass away. While the House was in its present temper he thought it unwise to take a vote, as it was in the interests of the petitioners that the question should be considered calmly and dispassionately. He would for that reason move the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Dunsmuir said he had objected to the name Vancouver from the first, but the question ought to be considered in a temperate way. The name will lead to confusion at the first, as my cablegrams come to "Dunsmuir, Vancouver," and other merchants receive dispatches with same address.

Mr. T. Davie said one of the city papers had said that the leader of the opposition had cooked a pretty kettle of fish for his party; but it now appeared that the Provincial Secretary had cooked a pretty kettle of fish for his followers. That gentleman had received support from a quarter he could least expect it—from the honorable member for Cariboo, (Mr. McLeese)—who had moved the adjournment of the debate. Had the vote been taken to-day, the second reading would undoubtedly have been defeated. The island members had dealt in a perfectly fair manner with the bills which had come before the House, and had shown no sectional feeling. The Provincial Secretary had addressed the House in a narrow-minded way, but until the present session of the House, that honorable gentleman would not have attempted to berate his supporters in that manner. With a vote of ten members against the government the Honorable Provincial Secretary would not have undertaken to lecture his friends, but now that the opposition had dwindled down to six, he thought he could do so with impunity. It showed, however, the necessity for a good, strong opposition, and independent members should see in the future that they did not extend too warm a support to the government, as they seemed disposed to presume upon it.

Mr. Beaven said he had had no intention of voting against the bill, but like other honorable gentlemen he very much disliked to be bullied. He did not wish to do an injustice to the honorable member's (Mr. Robson's) constituents, because that gentleman had made a mistake in the manner in which he had addressed the House. For that reason he considered the adjournment of the debate a wise move.

The debate was then adjourned.

The Imprisonment Exemption Act and Timber Act Amendment bills were reported complete, and the House adjourned at 5:45.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Drake's Leases and Sales of Settlers' Estates Act Amendment Bill was reported from committee of the whole, complete without amendments.

Mr. Drake's Vancouver Tramway Company's Inspection Bill was partially considered in committee.

The Mineral Act (1884) Amendment Bill (Mr. Cowan) was further considered in committee, and reported to the House complete, without any anti-Chinese clauses.

The Legal Professions Amendment Bill (Hon. Mr. Davie) was read a second time, and referred to committee of the whole. Committee reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

House adjourned at 11:15 till 2 p. m. on Monday.

FOR EUROPE.

A very large number of Victorians have already signified their intention of visiting Great Britain and other European countries during the coming summer. The holding of the Colonial Exhibition in London will be an additional attraction to many who long to visit the scenes of their childhood, and before the summer is well advanced many others will resolve to make the trip. On the 29th inst. Mr. and Mrs. Metcalfe, Mrs. Meldrum, Mrs. Shay and two children, Jas. McCandlish, F. Carne, Sen., Thos. Perry, A. Aaronson, Joe Levy, I. Braverman, Thos. Wall, of Nanaimo, and others will leave here via the Northern Pacific, and thence across the Atlantic. They will all be absent from three to six months.

POLICE COURT.

(Before E. Johnson, S. M.)

Wong Ah Sean and Wong Ah Tschun, charged with assaulting Wo Ah Sue, were discharged.

Joseph D. Fitthausen, charged with using threatening language to his wife, was remanded until Monday and allowed out on his own recognizance of $50.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. Geo. D. Lawson, lately editor of the Tacoma *News* who had spent a few days in Victoria and Vancouver during the past week, has gone to Portland.

Mr. W. J. Tippens, the Fort street confectioner, will leave for the old country on Monday. Mr. Tippins has been absent from the land of his birth for over thirty years.

SALMON.

The Geo. E. Starr steamed up to Spratt's wharf this afternoon to take on board a consignment of salmon destined for Europe.

ANOTHER CUT IN FREIGHTS.

There has been another cut in eastbound freights from Portland, the rate now being 75 cents to Chicago, regardless of classification, and to St. Paul or the Missouri river 70 cents. The very low rates to New York announced several days ago have been withdrawn. Just now very little freight is offering for the east, and the chances are that rates will be restored before the wool and salmon ready for shipment.

—The James Bay machine is not running smoothly at present. The omens are that a considerable quantity of the lubricating fluid will have to be applied to remove the friction occasioned by yesterday's episode.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y. ja1

NEW BOOKS.

ON ARCHITECTURE.
GARDENING.
FARMING.
THE HORSE.

At Ferguson's,

Third door south of the Post Office, Government street.

GOSNELL'S SUGAR CURED HAMS are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets. *

SCOTCH BAKERY.—J. Russell, SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, near Johnson Victoria, B. C. All kinds of Scotch pastry; Tea bread fresh every day; hot mutton pies. *

MRS. V. A. LEPRINCE, Fashionable Dressmaking, late of San Francisco. Cutting and fitting a specialty. Government street, up-stairs, next to new Bank of B. C. *

Artistic Binding executed in this Province ONLY by R. T. Williams; and out of the Province by the other (?) Binder, assisted by un-British Nepotism of the present Local Government.

NEW TO-DAY.

....THE....

Victoria Athletic Club

Will hold their

Second Exhibition

Under the patronage of Admiral Sir Michael Culme Seymour, Lieut.-Governor Cornwall and Mayor Fell, at the

VICTORIA SKATING RINK,

—ON—

Tuesday Evening, March 23.

ADMISSION, . . 50 CENTS.

mar18 5t

$8.

The Best Wellington

COAL

per ton, delivered.

HALL & GOEPEL,
Government street.

mar17 1m

Notice.

THE undersigned having opened an office at

VANCOUVER CITY,

AS

REAL ESTATE BROKER, &c.,

Begs leave to refer patrons to the firm of GULLINE & MESHER, Colonist Building, who will transact all new or unfinished business with efficiency, and act as corresponding agents for Victoria.

REGINALD NUTTALL,
Vancouver City, B. C.

mar15 1m

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the erection of a two story Brick Building, 33x240, extending between Government and Broad streets, for David Spencer, Esq. Tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock at noon on March 26. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office, DeCosmos' New Block, after 12 M., March 18th. Both separate and whole tenders will be received.

The owner reserves the right of rejecting any and all tenders.

mar19 6t

E. H. FISHER, Architect.

NEW CLOTHS--JUST OPENED

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

English, French & Scotch Suitings & Trouserings,

IN ALL THE LATEST MAKES AND DESIGNS.

Worsted Coatings in Blue and Black, Broadcloths and Doeskins.

Garments made to order in either American or English styles.

The best Trimmings used and satisfaction guaranteed.

No Cheap Canadian Goods in stock.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

CORNER OF DOUGLAS AND PANDORA STREETS. feb11

The First of the Season!

A FULL LINE

—OF—

LAWN TENNIS SHOES,

Just arrived, direct from London.

GEO. H. MAYNARD'S,

FORT STREET.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE of Sale by Sheriff pursuant to the "Execution against Lands Act, 1874."

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Frederick Norris, Plaintiff, vs. Peter L. Anderson, Defendant.

In obedience to a Writ of Fi. Fa., issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia at Victoria, on the 4th day of December, 1885, and to me directed in the above named suit, for the sum of $192.55, debt and $40 for the costs of this execution, also interest on the same at 4 per cent per annum, from the 8th of August, 1885, until payment, besides Sheriff's poundage, fees, &c., I have seized and will sell by auction at the Kamloops Court House, on the 20th day of March, 1886, at 11 o'clock a. m., the lands belonging to the said Peter L. Anderson, as described, in this advertisement, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the Judgment Debt and expenses of this action.

District, Town or City.	No. of Lot.	Concise Description of Property.	Estate or Interest
Township 9, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.	28	N. W. ¼ Section.	Fee simple.

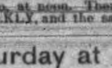
When to be sold.	Where to be sold.
20th March, 1886, at 11 o'clock a.m.	Kamloops Court House.

The Judgment was registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, against said lands, on the 10th of September, 1885.

HENRY WOOD, Deputy Sheriff.

Dated 9th March, 1886. mar10 10t

Pacific Coast Steamship Company's Steamers.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

THE STEAMER "GEO. W. ELDER" will sail from this port for San Francisco on Saturday, the 3rd proximo, at noon. Thereafter the service will be WEEKLY, and the sailing days will be

Every Saturday at Noon

Until further notice.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
Agents.

mar18

E. M. JOHNSON.

MONEY FOR INVESTMENT.

$4,000
$3,000
$2,000
$1,000

At current rates, on Victoria City or Suburban property.

Office—Corner Government and Bastion Streets, Victoria, B. C.

mar18 1m

100 ACRES

NORTH PART OF

Colquitz Farm,

Four Miles from Victoria.

Will be sold in 25 Acre Lots.

Apply to

RAND BROS.,

mar17 Real Estate Brokers.

INVESTMENT.

100 ACRES OF LAND,

With House, Barn, Orchard, Horses, Cows, and Farming Utensils complete for

$2,500.

The cheapest place in British Columbia. Persons wanting Farms would do well to consult us.

RAND BROS.,
Real Estate Brokers,
Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

mar3 D&W tf

PITT & PICKEN,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

The Terminal City Land Office,

VANCOUVER, B. C.,

Are prepared to furnish all particulars regarding lots for sale within the City boundaries.

Requisitions by mail promptly attended to.

Canadian Pacific Railway

Fresh Water Terminus.

City of New Westminster

IMPORTANT

Auction Sale

OF

City Reserves & Gardens

A public Auction will take place at the Council Chambers, in the City of New Westminster

On Tuesday, 30th March, 1886,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when the following Lots will be submitted to public competition in accordance with the "Land Sale By-Law, 1884"

Government Office Gardens,
Block A.
Lots No. 18 to 20, inclusive.

Victoria Gardens,
Block B.
Lots No. 33 to 38, inclusive.

Louisa Gardens.
Block C.
No. 1, 2 and 3.

St. Patrick's Square,
Block D.
Lots No. 4 to 8, inclusive.

Alice Gardens,
Block E.
Lots No. 6 to 10, inclusive.

Clinton Place Reserve,
Block F.
Lots No. 33 to 36, inclusive.

St. George's Square,
Block H.
Lots 5 to 10 inclusive.

St. Andrew's Square,
Block K.
Lots No. 6 to 9, inclusive.
11 to 15.

TERMS.—33⅓ per cent. on the fall of the hammer; 33⅓ per cent. in three months, and the balance of the purchase money in six months from the date of sale.

By order.

A. J. ALFORT, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
New Westminster 8th March, 1886. mar15

$5 COAL $5

Per Ton.

BEST SCREENED

Vancouver Lump Coal,

Ex ship John Rosenfeld, now discharging at

JANION'S WHARF,

AT $5 PER TON!

—OR—

$5.75 PER TON DELIVERED.

mar17 tf

Havana Cigars.

Regular Shipments from the Factory of Andre Rodriguez, Havana.

Various brands choice quality Tobacco.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Agents

mar11 Wharf street.